

Equal Opportunities Policy

The Equal Opportunities Policy Statement and Policy Statement on Dignity at Work are designed to implement the commitment of Bawden Contracting Services Ltd (BCS) to equal opportunities. It is the responsibility of every employee to ensure his or her own conduct conforms to the expected standards and reflects these policy statements.

The aim of the policies is the encourage harmony and respect amongst individuals so as to promote good working practices with a view to maximising the performance and the return to both the organisation and the employees.

If equal opportunities are not applied, then valuable talent and potential are wasted. Moreover, when unfair discrimination harassment, bullying or victimisation take place, they bring about a climate of fear, insecurity and poor work performance. As well as being unlawful, it affects profitability and morale. It is therefore vital that every employee understands his or her responsibilities. Equal opportunities is taken very seriously by the organisation, and wilful failure to apply the policies or evidence of discrimination, harassment, bullying or victimisation will result in disciplinary action which may include the dismissal of staff.

Equal Opportunities Policy Statement

As an organisation, BCS will:

- Recognise and accept its legal obligations under the Equality Act 2010. Under this
 Act, age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy
 and maternity, race, religion, sex and sexual orientation are protected
 characteristics. Employees, other workers and applicants for employment who have
 one or more of these characteristic are protected from all forms of unlawful
 discrimination by association; discrimination by perception; discrimination arising
 from disability; harassment; and victimisation.
- Seek to employ a workforce that reflects the diverse community at large because it
 values the individual contribution of people, irrespective of age, disability, gender
 reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion
 or belief, sex, and sexual orientation.
- Use its best endeavours to provide a working environment free from unlawful discrimination because of age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, and sexual orientation.
- Undertake to review periodically its recruitment and selection criteria and procedures to maintain a system where individuals are selected solely on the basis of their merits and abilities.



- Undertake to review its employment practices, policies and procedures, including
 opportunities for training and promotion, pay and benefits, discipline, selection for
 redundancy and retirement, to ensure that it avoids all forms of unlawful
 discrimination in the workplace.
- Treat all employees with dignity and respect, recognising that harassment, bullying and victimisation are forms of unlawful discrimination.
- Maintain a separate policy statement on dignity at work, which deals with these issues (see below).
- Make reasonable adjustments to its recruitment and selection arrangements and
 procedures to ensure that no applicant for employment is disadvantaged due to
 disability. Whenever reasonable and practicable, make adjustments to retain
 disabled workers in its workforce. This may include making reasonable adjustments
 to working arrangements and practices, making changes to the physical environment
 and/or providing auxiliary aids and services.
- Not tolerate acts which breach this policy and all instances of such behaviour or alleged behaviour will be taken seriously, fully investigated and may be subject to the disciplinary procedures of the organisation. Furthermore, it seeks to give all employees equal opportunity and encouragement to progress within the organisation by implementing a positive action plan.
- Provide training in equal opportunities and undertakes to distribute and publicise this policy statement to all employees and elsewhere when appropriate.
- Monitor and review the operation of this policy, and implement any changes required by law or to improve its effectiveness.

Any employee who feels that they may have been subjected to treatment that breaches this policy may raise the matter through the grievance procedure of Bawden Contracting Services Ltd.

Dignity at Work Policy Statement

Bawden Contracting Services Ltd believes that the dignity of every person must be respected. Harassment and victimisation are forms of unlawful discrimination, which are unacceptable and will be regarded as gross misconduct. The highest standards of conduct are required of everything regardless of the seniority.

Harassment is defined as unwanted conduct that has the purpose or effect of violating someone's dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment for them. Unwanted conduct of this nature can constitute harassment of an individual, even if it is directed at another person.

Harassment can take a number of forms:

• Unwanted conduct related to a protected characteristic; however, a person does not have to possess a protected characteristic to be a victim of harassment. Individuals



who are subjected to harassment because of their association with someone who has a protected characteristic can also be victims. It is also possible for someone to be subjected to harassment because colleagues wrongly believe they have a protected characteristic. Unwanted conduct can include any kind of action or inaction, behaviour, exclusion, written or spoken words, jokes, imagery or physical contact that the victim finds objectionable or offensive. The test of harassment is, at least in part, subjective.

- Unwanted conduct of a sexual nature; this can include any unsolicited or unwelcome conduct of sexual nature, such as: making sexual advances; touching; staring; making inappropriate comments; telling sexual jokes; displaying or sending pornographic photographs or other materials of a sexual nature.
- Less favourable treatment of someone because they have rejected or submitted to unwanted conduct of a sexual nature or conduct related to sex or gender reassignment.

Condoning any form if harassment may be harassment in itself.

The organisation accepts its responsibility for protecting employees from harassment by third parties, such as clients, customers and visitors. Employees are required to report any incidents of third party harassment immediately to their manager or supervisor.

Victimisation occurs when someone is subjected to detrimental treatment because they have (or are thought to have) brought proceedings under the Equality Act, given evidence or information in support of proceedings or made allegations about any breach of the act.

Harassment and victimisation will be regarded as gross misconduct for disciplinary purposes. Accordingly, employees guilty of harassment of victimisation run a serious risk of summary dismissal.

Equally, an allegation of harassment must not be made lightly. If it is found that an individual has made an allegation of harassment without foundation and maliciously or has given false evidence or information in relation to an allegation, then this will also be regarded as gross misconduct for disciplinary purposes.

All complaints of harassment or victimisation should be made to your manager through the grievance procedure unless the complaint is regarding this person when you should complain to that person's superior.

Richard Bawden

Managing Director

6th March 2020